(YEAR.) THE (Nº. 1532.)

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1775.

VIENNA, *October* 15.

THE translation of a letter is handed about here, which, they say, was sent by the late grand Vizir to count Romanzow, in which the former says, "That he never could serve mankind, in his life, bett r the present occasion; and that he, in order to the shameful homicide, rather would conclude at any rate, let the consequence be ever so fore he would see so many thousands of men each others throats on account of an ambitious

*October* 15. We learn from Madrid, that the ces arisen between Spain and Portugal have been odated by the cession which the latter has made of the island of St. Saveur.

*, October* 19. They write from Marseilles, account of the bankruptcies which have hap- for some time past, no person will receive paper, traffic is carried on but in ready money. owners of two English ships, laden with wrought silk, coral, &c. have paid to the insurers an d price, on account of the report which prevails upture between England and the regency of

*urgh, October* 21. They write from the Danube Prussian troops that were in Podolia continue ng, and that they have already reached Con- w, in order to make room for those that follow If one may judge from the magazines and which are preparing, there will be 80,000 in Poland this winter. The same advices add, deserters from the Ottoman army have com- eat excesses in Romelia. They have not even Adrianople, where when the remainder of the army arrived, they found the houses in many ntirely burnt down.

*, October* 22. We learn from Constantinople, the first inst. another and more dangerous in- n happened among the people, which greatly the whole divan, and the sultan himself found ary to withdraw for some time. The mufti and ffaries endeavoured to appease them in vain; ified on having the heads of all the members of n that ratified so scandalous a peace, but at last re satisfied with the heads of Nissangi Resmi, Minnibi, and some others, who were known the council of the late grand vizir.

reported that the famous Pulawski was publickly d lately by the mob at Constantinople.

LONDON, *October* 27.

re informed that Mr. Wilkes, since his being lord-mayor, sent a very polite message to Mrs. desiring her to honour him as lady-mayoress, he declined, giving as a reason, as she had lived l life so long, it would be disagreeable to her to n so public a station, but added, as her daughter fectly qualified to shine in an exalted sphere, she that she might supply her place.

9. We hear that the chancellor of France has head struck off by command of the king, for disrespectful words against the Queen's honour. hursday Elizabeth Grieve, commonly called the s. Grieve, was tried at Hicks's-hall for defraud- rs persons of several sums of money, under pre- procuring them places under government, and ed to be transported for seven years. This is man who a year ago rendered herself so famous street, having pretended to be the friend of the inister, cousin to the Duke of Grafton, and to rious other connections of the first rank. She d a letter from Mr. C. F. which made a great n court.

*ber* 1. At the court of Aldermen held this t. Trecothick begged leave to resign his gown, was accepted by the court. Immediately after- the late Mr. Sheriff Lee and Nathaniel Newn- sq; of Botolph-lane, declared themselves candi- and soon afterwards set out on their canvass.

3. His majesty has appointed Stephen Kemble, be deputy adjutant-general for North-America, e rank of major in the army, in the room of l Maitland, Esq; deceased.

ourier from Walachia brings advice, that the of the Russian army is now returned on this side nube. The mails also intimate, that an exchange affies has taken place between the Empress of and the grand signior, prince Repnin is appoint- the part of the former, and a musulman of high ion on the part of the latter.

courts of Spain and Portugal are busied in ad- with precision, the limits of the Brazils, and the of the fishery on the coast of Algarve. At Lis- wo men of war are fitting out, destined, as is sup- for Rio de Janeiro, whither warlike stores and are to be transported from St. Miguel and Ter- ith all possible expedition.

he last board of admiralty, orders were sent to rders of several men of war, at Portsmouth and ith, to take on board provisions for six months. ld they are destined for the Mediterranean.

For many years past the scarcity of grain in Sweden has been excessive. At present, by the attention of their king, all sorts of grain are in such great abundance, that, notwithstanding the considerable exportation now making to Holland, the opposite extreme is dreaded, and that the too low price will be prejudicial to the farmers. Corn becomes cheaper every day; and for this reason the cultivators are desirous that the government should take some measures that what contributes to the welfare of their fellow-citizens may not become a loss to a class of people so valuable in all nations.

This day about a quarter past two o'clock the lord mayor elect, Mr. Alderman Crosby, Mr. Alderman Thomas, Sir Watkin Lewis, Alderman, Mr. Alderman Hayley, and the two sheriffs; Mr. serjeant Glynn, the recorder, the city remembrancer, the reverend Dr. Williamson, chaplain and other proper officers, waited on the lord chancellor at his house in Great Russel-street, Bloomsbury. As soon as they were conducted to the drawing room the lord chancellor, attended by his proper officers, waited upon them. Mr. Recorder, then in a short speech acquainted his ordship, that the livery of London had proceeded to choose a chief magistrate, and that their choice had fallen upon Mr. Alderman Wilkes, which had since been confirmed by a court of aldermen; that having on several occasions distinguished himself as a sensible, upright and active magistrate, the livery of London thought his fidelity and abilities had been sufficiently proved, and for that reason had called him to so great and important an office as first magistrate of this great city. The lord chancellor then addressed himself to the lord mayor, and the rest of the company, told them his majesty had been acquainted with the proceedings of the citizens of London, relative to their having elected a chief magistrate, and that he was commanded to signify his majesty's approbation of the choice they had made. This ceremony being over, the lord chancellor took the lord mayor elect by the hand, wished him health to go through the fatigues of his office, and placed him on his right hand; the rest of the aldermen took their seats. A gold goblet, with rich wines and spices, was handed round, and the usual healths drank; several assortments of cakes were presented to the company; and after the chancellor had set about ten minutes, he took his leave with that civility and politeness which belongs to the Bathurst family. Another glass afterwards went round, and the lord mayor returned amongst the acclamations of several hundred people assembled on the occasion, who conducted themselves with great decency.

*Nov.* 4. Orders were sent off to Ireland on Tuesday night for all the ships of war now lying in Cork harbour, which are fit for service, to be manned, and put in readiness to sail on the shortest notice.

We are informed that the lord-mayor elect's private coach and charriot cost two thousand pounds, which his brother-in-law, Mr. Hayley, made him a present of.

It is confidently asserted, that a scheme is in agitation for putting a final stop to the exportation of corn from any of the ports of North-America to France, Spain, Portugal, or any part of the African coast.

By the laws of this country, if a man owes 10l. he is arrested and left perhaps to linger out a miserable existence in a loathsome gaol; if he owes 10,000l. through obtained by the vilest acts, he can play with his creditors till it suits him to become a bankrupt, and then, after delivering up his nominal all, he begins the world again a better man than at his first outset. *What pity the distribution of justice is so unequal in a free country!*

In France a man, though he owes ever so much, is secure, provided he keeps in his own house, as no writ but one from the crown for a misdemeanor can touch him; by which means, if he intends honestly, he has it in his power, in a short time, to settle his affairs to his credit, and the satisfaction of his friends: In England, where the subjects boast of their houses being their castles, a resolute bailiff, or an unworthy pettifogger, will enter by force, and carry the master into the most abject slavery. *Oh Englishmen! ye gape at a gnat, and yet swallow a camel!*

It is a common remark, that a gaol pays no debts; and it may be added, says our correspondent, it never mends manners. A man goes in an honest man, though unfortunate, but comes out a confirmed villain, commences a swindler, and at last is transported, perhaps, for doing such things which his honest heart would before have shuddered at. *A very good plea in support of the illegal practice of imprisonment for debt.*

*Nov.* 5. Yesterday there was a levee at St. James's, at which the earl of Suffolk, lord North, and the principal officers of state, &c. were present.

After the levee was up, Mr. George Pitt had a conference with his majesty; and it is said the above gentleman will in a short time set out for Spain in a public capacity.

Orders are sent to the searchers of all the out ports, to prevent the exportation of live cattle to the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Scilly, and Alderney, except such as are for the garrison, or on government account.

*Extract of a letter from the Hague, Oct.* 28.

"Prince Galitzin, the Russian minister here, has just received the following letter from Petersburgh, dated Oct. 7, 1774.

"Hitherto the treaty of peace concluded with the Ottoman Porte, is executed by both parties with the utmost precision. Count Romanzow has sent colonel Peterson to Constantinople as charge de affaires from our court, in order to render the correspondence between him and the grand vizir less tedious.

"Prince Dolgoruski has advanced with his army to Perecop, where he will stay till the entire evacuation of Caffa, and where, you know, the fleet and Turkish troops entered with his consent. They are almost all gone from thence already, except the retinues of the captain bashaw, and the seraskier, who commands the land-forces. These officers have besides sent to acquaint prince Dolgoruski that they will leave the place as soon as possible.

"If a private letter received from Italy may be credited, the person who poisoned the late Pope is discovered to be one who was highly in his holiness's good graces; and whom the jesuits found means to bribe, to execute their horrid designs."

*Extract of a letter from Gibraltar, Oct.* 10.

"An engagement has just happened off Oran, between a Spanish man of war of forty guns, a frigate of thirty, and a squadron of Algerine corsairs, consisting of one ship of thirty two guns, two xebecques of twenty-four guns, and four from eighteen guns to twelve. The Spanish ships were bound for Barcelona and having their ports hauled close, were mistaken by the corsairs for two merchant men, and in consequence of the mistake they gave chace, and fired several guns at the Spaniards before they discovered themselves, when two of the smaller xebecques were soon sunk by broadsides from the Spaniards; the large ship maintained the fight for some time, but was at last taken, and the others made their escape."

They write from Vienna, that in the college of the late jesuits (which is rebuilding for the war-office) a small arched cave was discovered deep under ground, in which a human body was chained between four iron posts; and by several circumstances it appears to have been a person of high rank, who was suddenly missed at court twenty years ago. Such being the conduct of these wretches, it is to the immortal fame of Clement the fourteenth, the abolishing that order, and getting rid of these monsters.

General Gage, it is said, has received orders not to proceed to extremities, but to act upon the defensive, till the sense of the new parliament relative to the conduct of the Bostonians be finally known.

Orders have been given for the seizing every ship, of whatever nation soever, that are employed in conveying arms or ammunition to the Americans. This 'tis thought, will certainly be the cause of some serious disputes.

They write from Gibraltar, that seven sail of Spanish men of war had just passed the Gut with several transports under convoy, which appeared to be full of troops, said to be bound for Carthagena, in the West-Indies.

There are twenty-one men of war and frigates now building at the different dock-yards of this kingdom. At Deptford, three seventy gun ships, and two frigates; at Woolwich, two sixty, and one fifty-four: at Sheerness, two frigates; at Chatham, five men of war and frigates; at Portsmouth, six ditto in all twenty-one,—besides two beginning at Plymouth.

On Monday last died at his seat in Leicestershire the right honourable lord viscount Wentworth.

They write from Gibraltar, that the dey of Algiers hath declared war against the grand duke of Tuscany.

*Advice to administration with respect to America.*

Let authority give way to prudence: dignity is supported best by justice; the bread of at least one hundred thousand manufacturers is of more importance than a shadowy authority: the lives of our fellow subjects descended from ourselves, and though born in a distant climate, are dear to us. One passionate resolve may sacrifice a million of british subjects, and subject this nation and its dependencies to ruin, and those who framed it to everlasting infamy. More is at stake than many comprehend; those who say otherwise are ignorant, or foes in disguise. The present warlike preparations of the French and Spaniards (those natural enemies of our country) ought now to engage the attention of every Englishman.

Some advices were received on Thursday night, at lord Dartmouth's office from Liverpool, said to be brought by the Goodwill, capt. Dickison, from Philadelphia, the contents of which are kept very secret.

A certain gloomy jealouly and distrust now reigns in the French court, which, a correspondent assures us, is a very favourable event to the peace and happiness of Great-Britain.

The code of laws which is now making by the crown lawyers at Versailles, by order of the French king, are to be comprised in 60 sheets of parchment only.—In England the title deeds of an estate are often as much as that.

They write from Hamburgh, that almoſt all the trading Jews of any conſequence have left the Poliſh dominions and gone to ſettle in Ruſſia, where they have great encouragement given them by the empreſs.

Sir Merrick Burrell, lately choſen member for Hazelmire, we are informed is dead and Sir Joſeph Mawbey deſigns to offer himſelf in his room.

We hear, that when it was under conſideration in the cabinet, whether John Wilkes, Eſq; ſhould be approved of as lord-mayor by the chancellor? a member obſerved, "it was much better to permit him to be *lord-mayor* for *one* year, than *king of the city* for *life*.

*Extract of a letter from Conſtantinople, Sept. 27.*

"The chevalier Tott has preſented a plan to the divan, to render the Ottoman Porte as flouriſhing as any of the chriſtian ſtates in Europe; which could eaſily be acquired, by granting a free toleration and exerciſe of all religions, and allowing them an equal civil right with the mahometans. He proves in his memorial, that all the flouriſhing ſtates in Europe, Holland and England in particular, owe all their proſperity to the policy of granting a liberty of civil and religious conſcience. He ſets forth, that by inſtituting ſuch a law in ſo extenſive an empire as the Ottoman, he would engage his life that in the courſe of three years, above 100,000 chriſtian ſubjects, in order to ſhake off the yoke of their reſpective tyrannical ſovereigns, would emigrate to Turkey; the conſequence of which would be, that all arts, ſciences, commerce, navigation, and art of war, will arrive to the ſame degree in the Ottoman empire as in any of the chriſtian ſtates. The chevalier projected to the Divan likewiſe, that as a check for Ruſſia, the beſt policy would be to grant a free navigation in the black ſea to all other nations, in the ſame manner as it is granted to Ruſſia by the late treaty of peace: and, as we are informed by good authority, both the above propoſals are under a ſerious conſideration at the divan; and as the preſent grand mufti is more politic than religious, there are great hopes that the chevalier's project will paſs for a law, which will cauſe a great civilization in the vaſt Ottoman dominions.

"Although the terms of peace ſeem to be ſtrictly adhered to, it is ſuppoſed that it will not be of very long duration; and our politicians call the preſent peace a third armiſtice between the Porte and Ruſſia.

"Within the courſe of this month, the grand mufti has appeared two or three times every day in public among the greateſt mobs telling them that it is in the higheſt degree unjuſt for them to murmur againſt government about the diſadvantageous peace, as it was merely owing to the cowardice of the army, which deſerted, and left the ſtandard of the holy prophet defenceleſs; ſo that the irritated prophet will certainly puniſh the nation with fire and peſtilence, in caſe they do not ſoon prepare for penitence, and ſubmit to government; which ſtep has appeaſed the mob, and every thing is in perfect tranquillity at preſent."

*Nov.* 9. On Saturday night there was a private meeting of ſeveral of the privy-council, at a certain houſe near St. James's on important affairs; there were preſent lord North, lord Bute, and lord Mansfield, but nothing relative thereto has yet tranſpired.

Notwithſtanding the price of corn has been raiſed within theſe few days, in moſt of the markets in and round London, yet there is ſuch quantities of grain arriving every week in the river, that there are ſcarce warehouſes enough to ſtow it in.

It is ſaid that the two royal dukes, Glouceſter and Cumberland, will attend the houſe of lords at the meeting of parliament and vote with the true friends of this country, to repeal the deteſted American acts.

Several illuſtrious and patriotic perſons have already declared their intention to become members of the conſtitutional club to be eſtabliſhed at the meeting of the parliament; and the two Royal dukes will teſtify not only an attachment to the liberties and proſperity of their native land, but likewiſe a due ſenſe of gratitude, by appearing at the head of a liſt of names, to which the houſe of Hanover is indebted for the crown of theſe realms.

It is ſaid that general Murray will be ſhortly appointed governor of Minorca.

Monday morning ſome advices were received at lord Dartmouth's office from the hon. Robert Walpole, his majeſty's ambaſſador at the court of Liſbon, which will be laid before the privy council appointed to meet this day.

Monday morning his majeſty's ſhip Marlborough, capt. Hood, ſailed out of Portſmouth harbour to Spithead; and on Saturday laſt the Magnificent, of 74 guns, and Phœnix of 44 guns, came out of dock, after having a thorough repair. The Phœnix is expected to be ordered to ſea.

It is confidently ſaid that lord Chatham is to be head of the miniſtry before chriſtmas, adminiſtration being obliged to come into his terms, viz. *the ſole guidance of affairs*; as it is found by experience the preſent adminiſtration not only have loſt the confidence of the people at home, but have cauſed the alienation of a great number of his majeſty's American ſubjects; both which grievances, it is expected, will be redreſſed, and a perfect reconciliation brought about by that experienced ſtateſman.

*Extract of a letter from Paris, Nov.* 2.

"There never was ſo much unanimity and good underſtanding in the miniſtry of France as there is under this reign. They mutually aſſiſt each other in the eſtabliſhment of the finances, for the liquidation of the nations debts, arrears of ſalaries, and the intereſt upon loans, to re eſtabliſh the loſt credit. The more they examine into the preceding adminiſtration, the more they diſcover their diſſipation and bad policy. To ſummon the chiefs to give an account of their conduct is beneath the clemency and greatneſs of ſoul of the reigning ſovereign. To pardon the guilty, eaſe his ſubjects, and render them happy, is his ambition.

"The affair of the loans has been on the tapis; Holland made offers, but after having deliberately examined into the inexhauſtible reſources of the ſtate, it was determined not to burthen it with new debts."

## BOSTON, *December* 29.

A gentleman arrived at Salem in a veſſel from Cape Nichola Mole, which he left the 17th of November; juſt as he was coming away a veſſel arrived from the iſland of Cuba, which ſhe left only two days before, the maſter of which informed him, that he was obliged to quit the iſland in the greateſt hurry, and leave all his cargo behind, there being ſo many Spaniſh ſhips cruizing to intercept all proviſion veſſels bound to the iſland of Jamaica, that it was hardly poſſible for any to eſcape. This may be depended on as a fact, and all the French and Spaniards were employed night and day in repairing and building fortifications with the greateſt expedition, and furniſhing all their garriſons with a large ſtock of proviſions and ammunition; during his ſtay at the Cape, tranſports were arriving daily with troops and proviſions.

By a gentleman from Liverpool we are informed, that the merchants, and people in general, at Liverpool, and as far round as he could learn, were heartily diſpoſed in favour of America; that Sir William Meredith declared openly, before and at his election for Liverpool, his ſentiments againſt the meaſures of adminiſtration towards the colonies: That the order of his majeſty in council, prohibiting the exportation of gunpowder, arms, &c. had ſtopped ten or fifteen large ſhips there, almoſt ready for the ſea, bound to the coaſt of Africa.

## PHILADELPHIA, *January* 9.

The public are cautioned to beware of counterfeit Maryland eight dollar bills; as ſome of them are now paſſing here, dated April 10th, 1774.—They look much blacker than the genuine bills, and are altogether ſo badly done that they may be eaſily detected.

## ANNAPOLIS, *January* 19.

The ſhip *Annapolis*, Capt. *Eden*, cleared out on Saturday laſt, for *London*, and will return to *Maryland* immediately. The *Sophia*, Capt. *Richardſon*, will load in *Patuxent* river, and the *Sim*, Capt. *Boucher*, in *Patowomack*. Both theſe ſhips are now in the country, and are expected to be loaded with great diſpatch; they are now taking in tobacco at £7 per ton as uſual, conſigned to Thomas Eden and company.

We are aſſured, that in next weeks paper we ſhall be authoriſed to inſert a further prorogation of the general aſſembly of this province, unleſs any intelligence ſhould be received from England, that may make a meeting neceſſary at the time it now ſtands prorogued to.

In conſequence of the recommendation from the provincial convention, for the reſpective hundreds of Prince George's county meeting and forming themſelves into companies on the ninth day of January, there not being a ſufficient quantity on that day, it was poſtponed until Saturday the fourteenth, when New-Scotland hundred, upper part, met at Bladenſburgh, formed themſelves into a company, and choſe their proper officers, being of opinion, that a well regulated militia will contribute to the preſervation of American liberty.

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At a meeting of the inhabitants of Charles county, Port-Tobacco town, on the 2d day of January, anno 1775, in conſequence of notice by the committee,

Capt. GEORGE DENT, chairman,
JOHN GWIN, clerk.

The proceedings of the laſt provincial convention, held at the city of Annapolis, were read, conſidered, and unanimouſly approved.

*Reſolved*, unanimouſly, that capt. George Dent, Samuel Hanſon, William Smallwood, Joſias Hawkins, Francis Ware, Joſeph H. Harriſon, Thomas Stone, Daniel Jenifer, Robert T. Hooe, John Dent, Samuel Love, Thomas Hanſon Marſhal and Philip Richard Fendall, be and are, by this meeting, appointed deputies to repreſent this county in next provincial convention, to be held at the city of Annapolis; and that any three or more of them have power and authority to act for and bind this county.

*Reſolved*, That a general ſubſcription, to be managed and conducted by gentlemen in each hundred of this county, will be the moſt agreeable and effectual method to collect what remains to be made up of the ſum of money appointed to be raiſed in this county by the laſt provincial convention.

*Reſolved*, therefore, that the following gentlemen do forthwith open ſubſcriptions in the reſpective hundreds for which they are appointed, to be offered to every free perſon in each hundred, and ſubſcriptions taken, viz.

Piccawaxen pariſh—Mr. Samuel Love, in the lower hundred, and capt. George Dent, in the upper hundred.

Port-Tobacco pariſh—Mr. Joſias Hawkins, and capt. Francis Ware, in the eaſt hundred; Mr. Samuel Hanſon, jun. in the upper hundred; Mr. Daniel Jenifer, in Cedar-point hundred; and Mr. Robert T. Hooe, in Port-Tobacco town.

Durham pariſh—Capt. Joſeph H. Harriſon, in the lower hundred; and Mr. William Smallwood, in the upper hundred.

King George pariſh—capt. John Dent, for the part within this county.

Trinity pariſh—Mr. Belain Poſey, in the weſt hundred; Dr. John Parnham, in the eaſt hundred; Mr. Alexander M'Pherſon, in Bryan town hundred; and Mr. Robert Young, in Benedict hundred.

*Reſolved*, That it is the duty of the ſaid gentlemen to note, and return to the committee of this county, a liſt of ſuch perſons (if any there be) who are *able*, and on application refuſe to ſubſcribe, that their refuſal may be recorded in perpetual memory of their principles.

*Reſolved*, That the ſaid gentlemen do, as ſoon as poſſible, collect the ſubſcriptions to them reſpectively made, and pay the ſame to Philip Richard Fendall, treaſurer, to be applied by the committee of obſervation to the purpoſes mentioned in the tenth reſolve of the laſt provincial convention.

*Reſolved*, That the gentlemen appointed to open ſubſcriptions for the purpoſe aforeſaid, do collect the ſubſcriptions already made to the town of Bladenſburgh, and do obtain ſuch additional ſubſcriptions for the benefit of the brave ſufferers in that diſtreſſed town, as they can get; and that the whole may be made up and remitted to be ſent as ſoon as poſſible.

It is recommended by this meeting, that the inhabitants of this county, in forming themſelves into companies, do confine themſelves to their reſpective hundreds as much as can with convenience be done.

The following gentlemen, to wit, Philip Richard Fendall, George Dent, jun. Daniel Jenifer, Samuel Hanſon, William Harriſon, John Skelton, John Lancaſter, Walter Neale, Walter Pye, Thomas Sims, Joſhua Doyne, Henry Boarman, John Craig, Robert Gill, Daniel Jenifer Moran, and George Tubman, are, by this meeting, appointed and added to the committee of obſervation for this county.

*Ordered*, That theſe proceedings be publiſhed in the Maryland Gazette.

JOHN GWIN, *Clerk*.

*Jan.* 10, 1775. The inhabitants of this county are learning the military exerciſe, and forming companies with great diligence and alacrity.

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Anne-Arundel county, Elk Ridge, Jan. 6.

By the committee of Anne-Arundel county, and city of Annapolis, *Ordered*, That the following advertiſement be printed in the Maryland Gazette.

Per order, JOHN DORSEY, clerk.

Anne-Arundel county, Elk-Ridge, Jan. 6.

I CHARLES BUCHAN, manager at Elk-Ridge landing for Meſſrs. John Glaſford and company, do hereby acknowledge, that being called before the committee of Anne-Arundel county and city of Annapolis, at Elk-Ridge landing, on the nineteenth day of December laſt, upon information given that I had ſold goods contrary to the aſſociation, and examined reſpecting the ſale of the goods, I, through inadvertence, gave ſuch evidence before the committee as confirmed them that I had ſold ſeveral articles beyond the line drawn by the laſt provincial convention; but, upon examining my books afterwards, I found my miſtake, and requeſted a reconſideration, which being granted, I was examined on oath and declared, that the articles, on which information was given, were ſold previous to my ſeeing the reſolves of the ſaid convention; that being in doubt reſpecting the nature of the reſolves of the ſaid convention, I ſhipped my goods as uſual, waiting to be informed by the chairman of the committee relative thereto, after which I was determined to conform myſelf to any reſolutions entered into by the community.

CHARLES BUCHAN.

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At a full meeting of the inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county, including the citizens of Annapolis, held Monday the 16th day of January, 1775,

CHARLES CARROLL, Eſq; barriſter, chairman.
Mr. ISAAC M'HARD, clerk,

THE aſſociation agreed on by the American continental congreſs, and the proceedings of the deputies of the ſeveral counties of this province, at their laſt provincial convention, were read and approved: and thereupon it is reſolved—

1ſt. That this county will ſtrictly and inviolably obſerve, and carry into execution, the ſaid aſſociation, and the ſeveral reſolves of the late provincial convention.

2d. That Charles Carroll, barriſter, R. T. Hooe, Worthington, Thomas Johnſon jun. William Paca, John Hall, Matthias Hammond, Samuel Chaſe, Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, Rezin Hammond, Charles Williams, Richard Tootell, Thomas Harwood, jun. John Ireland, Johnſon, John Brice, John Bullen, James Brice, Philip Warfield, Nicholas Worthington, Thomas Jenifer, Allen Quynn, William Wilkins, James Tootell, Thomas Dorſey, John Hood, jun. John Dorſey, Philip Dorſey, Thomas Sappington, Ephraim Howard, Caleb Dorſey, jun. Richard Stringer, Reuben Merriweather, Charles Warfield, Edward Gaither, jun. Greenberry Ridgely, Ely Dorſey, John Burgeſs, Michael Rue, Edward Norwood, James Howard, Henry Ridgely, William Richmond, Thomas Hobbes, John Dorſey, ſon of Mich. Brice Howard, Edward Dorſey, ſon of John, Aquila Davis, Eliſha Warfield, John Dorſey, ſon of Sol. John, Samuel Dorſey, ſon of Caleb, Joſhua Gaſſaway, Vachel Howard, Charles Hammond, ſon of J. Stephen Steward, John Weems, Thomas Harwood, Thomas Belt, Stephen Watkins, John Steward, Samuel Lane, Tho. Tillard, Tho. Tongue, Marmaduke Wyvil, Jacob Thomas, Joſeph Galloway, Sam. Harriſon, Sam. Galloway, Robert Brown, Thomas Deale, William Tillard, David Weems, Edward Tillard, Samuel Chew, Thomas Sprigg, Thomas Watkins, Thomas Hall, Gerard Hopkins, jun. Richard Harwood, jun. Thomas Watkins, jun. Richard Burgeſs, Thomas N. Stockett, Elijah Boſſon, Thomas Mayo, James Kelſo, George Wells, David Kerr, William Buchanan, William Gambrill, and Richard Cromwell, or any ſeven or more of them, be, and they are hereby appointed, *a committee of obſervation* for this county.

3d. That the ſaid *committee of obſervation* have power to repreſent and act for this county, until the ſecond Tueſday in October next, to carry into execution within this county, the ſaid aſſociation, and the ſeveral reſolves of the late provincial convention, without favour, or partiality: that the ſaid committee, or a majority of any fifty, or greater number, of the members thereof, have power and authority to nominate and appoint, by way of ballot, thirteen of the ſaid committee

any *seven*, or more, of that number, *deputies* to represent this county in any provincial convention, that may be held before the second Tuesday in October next, with ample power to such deputies, to consent and agree, on behalf of this county, to all measures which such provincial convention may deem necessary and effectual to obtain a redress of American grievances; and in case any of the said deputies shall not attend, or die, or refuse to act, from time to time, to nominate, by ballot, one other of the said committee, to take the place of such deputy who shall not attend, or die, or refuse to act:—and the said committee, or a majority of any fifty, or greater number, of the members thereof, are also impowered to nominate, by ballot, any one of the said committee, and any three, or more, of that number, *a committee of correspondence* for this county; and in case any of the said committee of correspondence shall not attend, or die, or refuse to act, to nominate, by ballot, one other of the said committee, in room of such person, who shall not attend, or die, or refuse to act; and such committee of correspondence, or any five of them, are authorised to call a meeting of this county as often as they may think necessary.

That every inhabitant of this county, who, on reasonal application by any one of the aforesaid committee of observation, or by any person appointed by them, shall refuse to contribute, before the first day of February next, to the purchase of arms and ammunition, for the use of this county, is and ought to be esteemed, *an enemy to America*: and that the name of every person who shall refuse to contribute, on such application, be published by the said committee, in the Maryland Gazette.

Ordered that copies of these proceedings be published in the Marland Gazette.

ISAAC M'HARD, clerk.

To the PRINTERS.

Pleased to give a place to the following *queries*, and oblige,

*A Friend to Liberty and Moderation.*

WHETHER an assembly of two hundred, or at most two hundred and fifty persons, exclusive of the citizens, can, with propriety, be called a *full meeting of inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county*?

Whether, after a power is delegated to a chosen few, acted on behalf of the whole, any Persons not impowered, have a right to determine questions of the first importance, contrary to the sentiments of a majority of the chosen committee.

Whether the fourth resolve was *tumultuously* entered into in the night, after many of the country gentlemen had left town, and the citizens also had in general retired?

Whether it be not probable, and even certain, that a majority of the committee, as well as of the inhabitants of the county who were in town, and citizens would have waited to have prevented the measure, had they foreheaded any such resolve would have been moved

Whether such procedure be warranted by any thing published by the continental congress?

Whether, in fine, the publication of the proceedings of last Monday, as it now stands, be by the order of, and with proper authority from, the committee?

To the PRINTERS.

As the resolves in the last hand-bill are to be published in the Gazette, relative to the proceedings of Monday last, an impartial spectator begs you will admit the following queries to the consideration of your readers:

Can it be reasonably asserted, that the meeting on that day was a *full meeting* of the inhabitants of this county? At the time the polling commenced respecting the fourth resolve, were not a great majority of the country gentlemen gone out of town, not expecting any transaction of that nature?---Were there many inhabitants of the city present?---and is it not reasonable to believe that if the meeting of the county and city had been more numerous, the question relative to the publication of *non-subscribers* would have been rejected as a violent and improper proceeding.

When all America appears unanimous in opposing the principle of parliamentary taxation, is it just, is it equitable, to proscribe many respectable characters, zealous in the general cause, yet dissenting from the plan of resistance *recommended*, and *enforced* by particular people?

Can it with truth be asserted, that the fourth resolve was entered into, with the approbation and concurrence of the committee, when, it is notoriously evident, that a very considerable number of those gentlemen entirely disprove the same, as a violent, hasty and improper mode of conduct?

Is it consistent with liberty---the distinguishing characteristic of British subjects---to condemn, with a party, those who dissent from any popular opinion---Can it consist with freedom, to point them out as victims of vengeance, to the hazard of the public peace, the distress of worthy families, and the destruction of private property?

When the most perfect union and harmony ought to exist throughout every rank of men here, is it wise, is it politic, to ferment and create divisions among ourselves?---ought we to exert an arbitrary authority, arbitrary in the highest degree, by compelling each other, under the severest penalties, to adopt the same violent measures, and to run before every other province in the frantic career of *military* opposition? A little reflection, I am confident, will convince my countrymen, that we are strangely precipitate in our conduct: let us act with firmness, yet with a *just* and *becoming respect* to our mother country. While we object to proceedings that we deem oppressive and unconstitutional, let us not burst through the barriers of law; let us not, in the warmth of mistaken zeal, commit violences greater than those of which we complain, and thereby lose those friends and parents, who can only be secured by a steady and uniform deportment: let not mean suspicions and violent principles take root among us, so shall success crown our present efforts; enmity shall be buried in oblivion; peace shall be re-established on a permanent foundation, and amity, eternal amity, shall flourish between Great Britain and her colonies.

To the PRINTERS.

As there was a considerable meeting here, of the inhabitants of this county on Monday, it is hoped, they will, in their respective districts, relate the proceedings to their neighbours who were absent, and not suffer them to be misled by the partial representations that probably may be made with a view of imposing on them, the other counties, and the continent: And it is to be wished that some person would favour the public with a candid narrative of the proceedings of that meeting in the next week's paper, which will oblige many, and undeceive and put upon their guard

THOUSANDS.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.

ENTERED.

Brig Nancy, Patrick Cunningham, Hull.
Sloop Plymouth Packet, Bartlett Holmes, N. Carolina.

CLEARED.

Ship Nancy and Sukey, J. Robinson, Falmouth.
Ship Richmond, Thomas Hutchinson, Bristol.
Ship Cicely, Martin Mallowny, Bristol.
Ship Emperor of Germany, John Richards, Oporto.
Sloop Polly J. Martin, St. Christopher's
Sloop Kitty, J. Mattingly, New Providence.


January 13, 1775.

TO be sold by the subscriber, by wholesale, a parcel of valuable goods, consisting of various kinds, and amounting to near £800 sterling cost. Time of payment will be given to the purchaser if required. tf

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.

Baltimore town, January 2, 1775.

THE subscriber intending to embark for England the ensuing summer, desires all those who have had dealings with him for servants, to settle without delay: he also desires all persons who have had dealings with any factor or agent of John Stewart, or John Stewart and Campbell, preceding him, either for servants, dealings at their late store at Elk-Ridge landing, or accounts current, to be speedy in settling the same. Those who neglect this notice, may depend suits will be commenced against them to March court, without respect of persons. 4 w

MATTHEW RIDLEY.

January 16, 1775.

ALL persons indebted to me, are once more earnestly requested to pay, those that do not, may depend that I am determined to take such steps as shall compel them that are able. I have a few rugs and coarse cloths left, which I would sell very cheap: I have for sale one thousand bushels of Indian corn, and three hundred bushels of Rye. 3 w

THO. HEN. HALL.

Anne-Arundel county, Elk-Ridge, January 17, 1775.

WHEREAS Mr. Reuben Meriwether was formerly authorised by the administrators of Edward Dorsey, Esq; attorney at law, and Henrietta M. Dorsey his daughter, to receive all debts due to to the said estates, and Mr. R. Meriwether has for some time past declined that business on account of his ill state of health. This is therefore to desire all persons, who are any way indebted to the above mentioned estates, to make immediate payment to the aforesaid Reuben Meriwether, who is authorised by me, to receive all money due to the aforesaid estates, and to give discharges for the same. w 2

ELY DORSEY.

WHEREAS Mr. Gerard Henry Schirr, a native of the city of Hamburg, left London some time in the year 1758, being engaged in the service of Mr. Daniel Wolstenholme, then agent for the payment of his majesty's troops at Annapolis, in Maryland; and the said Gerard Henry Schirr, upon arriving at Annapolis, lodged with one Mr. William Clajon, a schoolmaster, living at Annapolis, and afterwards lived with one Mr. John Thompson, sen. also resident at Annapolis aforesaid. And in the year 1759 he wrote to England, and desired letters to be directed to him, at Mr. John Bullen's, and Mr. Jonas Green's, Postmaster at Annapolis aforesaid. And whereas no letters have been received from the said Gerard Henry Schirr since that time, nor is it known whether he be living or dead; therefore if any person can give information whether the said Gerard Henry Schirr be now living or dead, if living, where now resident, and may be wrote to, or if dead, at what time and place he died, and whether single or married, and if married, whether he left any or how many children, as something may be heard of greatly to his or their advantage, by applying to 6 w

DANIEL STEPHENSON.

Baltimore, December 1, 1774.

BEING about to embark for England, I hereby give information to all persons who are indebted to me, or to whom I owe, that the management of my business is committed to the care of Messrs. Samuel Owings and Abraham Evenity, who are constituted my attornies, with authority to act for me in every thing, as if I myself was personally present. w 8

HENRY THOMPSON.

Baltimore, January 15, 1775.

IMPORTED in sundry ships from Bristol, a quantity of fine white salt; likewise 15 pipes of genuine port wine, in the brigantine Molly, from Oporto and Hull, to be sold on the most reasonable terms, by

J. STEVENSON.

N. B. Very good old Maderia and Lisbon wines to sell, by the pipe, hhd, or quarter cask.

GERARD HOPKINS,

CABINET-MAKER,

Hath for sale in Gay-street, near the Upper-bridge, Baltimore town,

MAHOGANY boards and planks, sawed to suit every branch of cabinet and chair work, as also mahogany logs: he still continues carrying on the cabinet business in its various branches as usual. w 4

N. B. Wanted a journeyman cabinet-maker, none need apply, but a workman that will be steady to business.

January 10, 1775.

To be sold by the subscriber, to the highest bidder, on Thursday the 16th day of February next, for cash, or bills of exchange, on London,

THE plantation whereon I now live, containing about one hundred and seventy acres, lying in Prince George's county, four miles from Nottingham: the land is good soil and very well timbered, one half wood land; with a dwelling house 20 by 26, with two brick chimnies, a kitchen, quarter, tobacco-houses, and other out-houses, and paled garden; two apple orchards, two peach orchards, and several other fruit-trees. The title is indisputable. Any person will be shown the land, at or before the day of sale; the purchaser to take possession the first day of December next.

THOMAS SMITH GREENFIELD.

TWELVE DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS there was stolen out of the subscriber's stable, at his plantation, about seven miles from Annapolis, on the road from thence to Baltimore, on the night betwixt the 9th and 10th of December last, a likely bright bay gelding, about fifteen hands high, with a black mane and tail, the mane remarkably thin, particularly in the middle; he trots well, and having been used principally in a carriage, the colour of the hair on his breast will shew the marks of the collar; excepting a few straggling hairs on his forehead, as if an attempt had been made to give him a star there, and a small saddle mark, he hath no white hair upon him; he hath no mark of a branding iron on him; he had on four shoes when he was stolen, and hath very broad flat hoofs. Whoever will apprehend the thief, shall on his conviction, receive a reward of eight dollars, or for the horse four dollars, with reasonable charges if brought from a distance, paid by tf

U. SCOTT.

WANTED,

TWO clerks in the prerogative office. Apply to tf

ELIE VALLETTE, Reg.

Talbot county, December 24, 1774.

WHEREAS the goods and chattels of James Barwick, John Ford, James Devereaux, Joseph Knowls, [illegible] Thomas M'Carnon, now prisoners in the jail for the county aforesaid, are to be sold at public sale, on Tuesday the third day of January next, for the benefit of their creditors. All persons having any claims against either of the said men, are desired to bring them in, within thirty days after the third day of January next, that they may be adjusted, agreeable to an act of assembly, entitled an act for the relief of insolvent debtors.

JOHN STEVENS, sheriff.

THERE is at the plantation of Mrs. Rachel Hammond, Green Spring, a steer, about 5 or 6 years old, marked with a crop and slit and an under cut in the right ear, the left ear a short crop, his colour a red brindle. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

w 3 WILLIAM WELLING.

Annapolis Jail, January 10, 1775.

WHEREAS we the subscribers, languishing prisoners in Anne-Arundel county jail, have offered every thing in our power to satisfy the demands against us; this is therefore to give public notice, that we intend to apply to the next general assembly for our relief.

STOCKETT WILLIAMS,
JOHN LAWTON,

Annapolis, January 10, 1775.

Just arrived in the ship Star and Garter, Capt. Hemson, from Exeter,

A Few healthy able servant men, whose times are to be disposed of on board said ship, now lying in the dock. Likewise for sale, a young healthy negro man, and a negro woman, who has been used to do all kinds of house work---also a negro girl about six years of age.---The said servants and negroes will be sold on reasonable terms, by the subscribers, who will give cash for any quantity of good clean wheat, at market price, delivered here or at Baltimore. 3 w

THO. C. WILLIAMS, and CO.

Upper-Marlborough, January 12, 1775.

WHEREAS Capt. Alexander Cumming obtained of Mr. Nich. Greenberry Ridgely, two bonds, each for £300 currency, bearing date the 16th of March, 1770; since which both parties are deceased, and those bonds with several other papers cannot be found, I do imagine that Capt. Cumming gave them into the care of some of his friends; if so, the subscriber his administrator living in this place, will be much obliged to any person that will give him information concerning them. All persons having claims against said Cumming, are desired to bring in their accounts legally proved, and those indebted to him, are desired to make immediate payment, to their humble servant, w 2

DAVID CUMMING.

January 12, 1775.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber's plantation beyond Elk-Ridge, on the 30th of last December, a large brown waggon horse, with a small white streak across his shoulder, occasioned by the collar, a small star in his forehead, if branded, I cannot recollect the brand. Whoever brings him to Mr. Riggs on the said plantaion, shall be paid twenty shillings. 3 w

CHARLES CARROLL.

December 7, 1774.

TO be ſo by the ſubſcriber, a tract of land, lying on Bennet' creek, in Frederick county, containing five hundred and forty-nine acres; as to the quality of ſaid land, apply to Capt. Henry Griffith, and he will ſatisfy any perſon that inclines to purchaſe. For title and terms, apply to 6 w

NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS a Negro fellow of mine, named Will, is now run away, for having reſiſted his overſeer, by throwing him down, threatning him and ſtriking him ſundry times with his fiſt, it is therefore to be hoped that as he has been guilty of ſo flagitious a crime that all maſters of negroes and ſervants will encourage the taking of him, by promiſing them the above reward, which I will pay, either upon his being brought home or his being ſecured in any gaol within this province; it cannot be doubted but all overſeers will be vigilant on this occaſion. He is about five feet ten inches high, a very ſtout likely fellow, with large full eyes; had on old cotton breeches, new ſhoes, and yarn ſtockings, which are of a thread of black and a thread of white, an old ſabrig ſhirt; his other cloaths he left behind. He has an extenſive acquaintance in and about Annapolis. There were two more fellows went off at the ſame time for refuſing to aſſiſt their overſeer, one named Will Jack and the other Sam, had on fearnought jackets, &c. for each of them I will give twenty ſhillings. tf

ROBERT TYLER.

This day is publiſhed, by WILLIAM AIKMAN, bookſeller and ſtationer, Annapolis, in two large volumes, handſomely bound and tilled, price 16s. currency,

A NEW VOYAGE ROUND THE WORLD, in the years 1768, 1769, 1770, and 1771, undertaken by Capt. James Cook in the ſhip Endeavour, drawn from his own journal, and from the papers of Joſeph Banks, Eſq; and publiſhed by order of the lords of the admiralty, by JOHN HAWKESWORTH, L.L.D with cuts and a map of the whole navigation.—This edition of Cook's voyages contains the whole of the ſecond and third volumes of Hawkeſworth's collection of voyages, which was publiſhed in London in three volumes, and ſold for three guineas.—Where may be had, Poor Will's Almanack for 1775, price 3d. and Father Abraham's pocket Almanack, interleaved with writing paper, price 1s.

To be rented from year to year, or for a term of years,

BELVOIR, the beautiful ſeat of the honourable George William Fairfax, Eſq; lying upon Patowmack River in Fairfax county, Virginia, about fourteen miles below Alexandria. The manſion houſe is of brick, two ſtories high, with four convenient rooms and a large paſſage on the lower floor, five rooms and a paſſage on the ſecond, and a ſervants hall and cellars below, convenient offices, ſtables, and coach-houſe adjoining, as alſo a large and well furniſhed garden, ſtored with a great variety of valuable fruits, in good order. Appertaining to the tract on which theſe houſes ſtand, and which contains near 2000 acres (ſurrounded in a manner by navigable water) are ſeveral valuable fiſheries, and a good deal of cleared land in different parts, which may be let altogether, or ſeparately, as ſhall be found moſt convenient. The terms may be known of colonel Waſhington, who lives near the premiſes, or of me in Berkeley county. w 4s FRANCIS WILLIS, jun.

Annapolis, November 23, 1774.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Annapolis, Capt. Thomas Eden, from London,

AN aſſortment of goods ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which are to be ſold at a reaſonable rate, by

tf WILLIAM WILKINS.

TO cover next ſeaſon, if not ſold, WHYNOT, a fine bay horſe, fifteen hands high, eight years old, got by Fearnought, near New-Town, Cheſter, at three pounds a mare, and five ſhillings to the groom. WHYNOT's character and pedigree are well known, and he is allowed to be as good a bottomed horſe as any in America.—BADGER, a beautiful, ſtrong, bony, grey horſe, ſix years old, fifteen hands and one inch high, imported from England; got by Lord Cadeworth's Boſphorus, who won ſeven king's plates, his dam by the noted Othello, commonly called Black and all Black, and his grand dam, by the famous flying Childers, near the city of Annapolis, at five pounds a mare, and ſeven ſhillings and ſixpence to the groom.—At the ſame place a ſtrong black horſe, of the waggon breed, at thirty ſhillings a mare, and half a dollar to the groom. The money for each mare to be paid at the ſtable door. Any gentlemen breeders, who intend ſending their mares to any of the above horſes, are deſired to give as early notice thereof as they conveniently can to JOHN CRAGGS, at the Governor's, to prevent their being diſappointed, as he is limited to a certain number; and in the mean time, if any gentleman is deſirous of purchaſing all or any of the above horſes, he may apply to John Craggs above-mentioned, who will alſo ſell the beautiful dark cheſnut horſe SLIM, who is remarkably ſpeedy, and ſix years old; he was got by Mr. Wildman's Babraham, his dam by Mr. Rogers's Babraham, his grand dam by Sedbury out of Lord Portmore's Ebony.

ALL perſons who have any claims againſt the eſtate of Chriſtopher Markley, late of the city of Annapolis, baker, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in legally proved that they may be adjuſted, and all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, to make immediate payment thereof, or they will be treated with as the law directs, the ſubſcriber intending ſhortly to leave this province.

tf JORDAN STEIGER, Adminiſtrator.

Annapolis, November 1, 1774.

THOMAS PRYSE,

COACH-MAKER, from LONDON.

TAKES this method to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his ſhop from the town-gate, to the houſe oppoſite doctor Stewarts, near the ſtadt-houſe, where he carries on the ſaid buſineſs in all its various branches, as he has ſupplied himſelf with exceeding good workmen from London; as alſo every article of the beſt ſort to a very great amount; conſiſting of ſeveral ſets of the beſt ſteel ſprings, ſpring curtains for coach and chariot, brass boxes, &c. &c. He has alſo a very good coach and herold painter, that undertakes painting of coaches, chariots, or chairs, either in cyphers, feſtoons of flowers, or coats of arms, with varniſhing, gilding, or japaning, in the neateſt and beſt manner, and at the moſt reaſonable rates; thoſe ladies and gentlemen that chuſe to favour him with their cuſtom in any of the above branches, may reſt aſſured, that his conſtant endeavours ſhall be to give general ſatisfaction to thoſe that pleaſe to employ him, and the favour greatfully acknowledged, by the public's moſt humble ſervant, THOMAS PRYSE.

N. B. I ſtill continue the ſaddling and harneſs-making buſineſs as uſual, and hope for encouragement from the public: to be ſold as above, a quantity of ſaddlers orrace, and frenge girth wibs, &c. &c. tf

Poſt Office, Annapolis, Sept 3d, 1774.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a rider will ſet off from this office every Monday morning at nine o'clock for Baltimore, where he meets the mails from the northward, and will return early on Tueſday. And on Friday the mails from the northward and ſouthward come in as uſual, and are diſpatched the ſame evening.

ANTHONY STEWART, D. P. M.

Maryland, Queen Anne's county, Nov. 1, 1774.

WANTED, an excellent millwright, who will undertake, next ſpring, to build a windmill, and that will contract to find every material; to ſuch a perſon a handſome price will be given; a part of the contract money, if required, ſhall be advanced; the whole ſhall be paid immediately upon the work being compleated. No perſon need apply unleſs he comes well recommended for his workmanſhip, his induſtry and fidelity.

JAMES HUTCHINGS, junior.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Rock-Creek, Frederick county, Auguſt 3, 1774.

RAN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber, a convict ſervant man named Joſeph Barker, an Engliſhman, about 25 years of age; he is a well looking fellow, of a ruddy complexion, about 5 feet 10 inches high; had on and took with him, a reddiſh coloured mixed broad-cloth coat with a velvet cape, two white flannel ſhort jackets bound with red, two pair of nankeen breeches, a pair of old leather breeches, a pair of old worſted ſtockings, a pair of thread ditto, old ſhoes, and a felt hat. He wears his own dark hair tied behind. It is ſuppoſed he is gone in company with ſome other man unknown to me, as I have miſſed two horſes out of my paſture, one of which is a large ſorrel, about 15 hands high, paces naturally; the other a cheſnut ſorrel, about 14 hands and a half high, paces, trots, and gallops; he is low before, creſt fallen, and has a ſhort ſcanty tail; the horſes are both ſhod before. The man took with him a half worn ſaddle and curb bridle; one of the ſtaples is gone off the fore part of the ſaddle on the near ſide. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and brings him home to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have, if taken 30 miles from home, 10 dollars, and 5 pounds for the other man and the two horſes, and ſo in proportion for a greater diſtance for the ſervant and horſes, paid by tf RICHARD CRABB.

Annapolis, December 10, 1774.

I HAVE left my books and accounts relative to my ſtore in Annapolis, in the hands of Mr. Gabriel Duvall, at Mr. Hall's office, who I have empowered to receive the ballances due.—All perſons indebted to me for dealings above a year ſtanding at any of my ſtores, are deſired to pay without loſs of time, as I have occaſion for the money. I have ſeveral tracts of land to diſpoſe of, lying on the draft of Bennet's creek, now adjoining to each other—they are in tracts of 2, 3, 4, and 500 acres each, with improvements; the land is very fit for making the fineſt coloured tobacco, and a great range for ſtock. I have alſo about 2000 acres of very rich land, lying within 4 miles of ſhepherd's town in Virginia, which I will ſell and give ſome time for the payment if deſired; and ſeveral other parcels of land in Virginia and Maryland to diſpoſe of. 6 w STEPHEN WEST.

LOST on Sunday night the 13th of December, in the bay, between the Three Siſters and Greenberry's point, a ſmall ſkiff boat, about 18 feet long, built very well, outſides and bottom painted white, the inſides and ſeats painted white alſo; one of the ſeats has a ſmall ſpot burnt on the upper part of it; has five row-locks, four of which rows double and one ſion; had faſtened to her ſtern an iron chain about feet long, and a ſhort piece of 1½ inch tow rope; ſuppoſed ſhe drove aſhore between Sharp and Greenberry's iſland, the wind being N. W. at the time ſhe broke away. Whoever takes up the ſaid boat, and delivers her to Mr. Richard Graſon on mouth of Wye river, or to Col. Edward Lloyd in Annapolis, or to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have 40 ſhillings reward.

BENJAMIN ROBERTS.

Annapolis, January 4, 1775.

THE ſubſcriber having furniſhed himſelf with a perſon well ſkilled in cleaning and putting in good order all kinds of fire arms, begs leave to offer his ſervice to the public in that branch of buſineſs, and flatters himſelf he ſhall give ample ſatisfaction to thoſe who chooſe to employ him. He alſo has a man well ſkilled in farriery, and cutting and training horſes.

4 w JOHN CAMPBELL LINDSAY.

December 29, 1774.

To be ſold to the higheſt bidder, on Monday the 6th of February next,

THREE parcels of land adjoining each other, containing in the whole about 80 acres; alſo part of another tract with a very good grift mill on it, containing three and ½ acres, lying in Frederick county, about 9 miles above Fademburgh: on the ſame day will be expoſed to ſale, one negro man, and a ſmall ſtock of horſes, cattle and hogs; credit will be given, the purchaſers giving bond with ſecurity.

WILLIAM MURDOCK.

N. B. The ſale will be on the premiſes.

To be ſold by the ſubſcriber, on the 25th inſtant, Wedneſday the 18th of January, for ſterling money or good bills of exchange,

A TRACT of land, being part of Anne-Arundel manor, containing 167¾ acres; whereon are good fences, a very good meadow, a good dwelling houſe, kitchen, meat-houſe, milk houſe, corn-houſe, and three very good ſhingled tobacco-houſes, a very good orchard and garden. Alſo a parcel of valuable negroes; a ſeine calculated for Patuxent herring fiſhing with ropes, and a good canoe. ts

EDWARD COCKEY.

Greenberry's Point, December 21, 1774.

To be ſold at public vendue, on Thurſday the ſecond day of February next, if fair, otherwiſe next fair day, at the ſubſcriber's plantation near Annapolis,

SUNDRY likely negro men, from 20 to 30 years of age; likewiſe ſome negro women who can cook, waſh, and iron, and a mulatto girl fifteen years of age, who has been brought up in the houſe; twelve months credit will be given, the purchaſers giving bond, (to bear intereſt from the date) with ſecurity, if required. There are ſeveral negroes to be hired by the year, at the day of ſale, by ts DAVID KERR.

Piſcataway, December 6, 1774.

Juſt imported in the Ocean, Capt. Dixon, from Whitehaven, and to be ſold at a moderate advance for caſh, or bills of exchange,

ABOUT £260 prime coſt of goods, they conſiſt of one hundred and four pieces of Kendal cottons, in four packages, of five or ſix different prices in each package, five packages of felt hats, with a few caſes in each package, the coſt of each package about £20; ſome coarſe lawns, ſilk handkerchiefs, and white ounce thread make up the reſt.

JOHN BAYNES.

THE ſubſcriber propoſing to decline the ſtore kept by him in this city for James Buchanan and co. and having on hand about £1600 prime coſt of aſſorted goods, (a very ſmall part of which have been imported above three months) which he will ſell at firſt coſt and charges, for caſh, good bills of exchange, or tobacco.

Thoſe perſons who are indebted to James Buchanan and co. for dealings at the above ſtore, are requeſted to make as ſpeedy payment as poſſible. tf

ROBERT BUCHANAN.

To be ſold by the ſubſcriber, living near Annapolis,

A TRACT of land, lying in Frederick county, joining to Thomas Dorſey on Linganore; containing two hundred acres of good timbered land, alſo bought twenty-five acres of good meadow ground being part of a tract of land taken up by Benjamin Clary, deeded by him to Moſes Maccubbin, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, called Moſes's Addition; any perſon who wants to purchaſe, may be ſatisfied, by applying to WILLIAM MACCUBBIN,

tf of Moſes, adminiſtrator.

Annapolis, December 7, 1774.

TO be ſold or rented, the lot and improvements thereon where Patrick Tonry lately lived in this city; conſiſting of a dwelling-houſe, brew-houſe, and other conveniencies, all adjoining to the waters; in the brew-houſe there are a large copper-boiler and ſtill with a malt-kiln. For terms, apply to

JAMES DICK and STEWART and ROBERT COUDEN.

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